Tips on how to get started with Total Physical Response (TPR) in your classes

• Watch the video: TPR - How to use it in the classroom (that you find on the home page https://myenglish.nu/

Read the general tips

Get started!

- If you and your students have a common language, it's good to tell them that learning through movement is clearly supported by research. If some students initially feel uncomfortable with actions such as pointing and moving around don't insist. They will soon start to follow your instructions.
- Many teachers feel that they are outside of their comfort zone (of regular teaching) when they start with TPR. That's normal and the feeling will pass! The first few times you work with TPR in a class you can give the instructions to the students when they are sitting down. Later on, you can use the different variations you see in the movie. Sometimes you give instructions to the whole group, sometimes to a small group of students standing in front of the class, sometimes to one student (*Can you help me, please?*), while sometimes students can stand up and sometimes they can sit down.
- Once you have gone through a page of instructions, you can copy it and hand it out to the students who translate the instructions into their own language. They can then give the instructions to you and you carry them out, so the students see that they have translated correctly into their own language. After that, the students can work in pairs. At a later stage, the students can fold the paper so that the English is not visible and translate the expressions from their own language back into English. Please note that this is a Word document. You can change and/or add words/expressions to the lists, such as from the students' textbook.
- Remember to repeat all the instructions several times and during different lessons and not to introduce too many new instructions at once. Also try to vary the instructions in different ways. When students hear words and expressions in different contexts, their understanding of the words will increase.

An example:

Up: point up, look up, stand up, up with your hands

Bear in mind:

- You can have a wordlist to hand when you give instructions.
- Not too many instructions at once.
- Perform the instructions yourself the first few times. The first time, do this at the same time as you give the instructions. After that, do it a second or two later so you can see whether or not the students manage on their own.

Delete this comment before printing the wordlist. When giving instructions, you can have the wordlist at hand. On it, you can make notes and mark instructions that need more work. You can also write variations that you want to remember to use (count slowly from 8 to 4, open and close the book etcetera) Keep in mind that you can edit the lists (change knock to tap for example). Remove or add instructions you prefer or see in students' textbooks. If you work with kids you can use things like jump, lift a foot and jump, scratch your nose etc.

English point at a window	Your language	English	(Wordlist 1)
point at a door			
point at a lamp			
point at a teacher			
show 7 fingers			
knock 5 times			
up with your hands			
down with your hands			
point at a table			
point at a chair			
play the piano			
point at a book			
take a book			
open the book			
read the book			
close the book			
count from 1 at 5			
clap your hands			
wash your hands			
knock slowly/quickly			

English	Your language	English	(Wordlist 2)
put your hands on			
put one hand on			
point at			
knock on			
your head			
your nose			
your back			
your stomach			
one ear			
one eye			
one arm			
one finger			
stand up quickly			
sit down slowly			
say "hello" to a friend			
write on a computer			
take a pencil			
write with a pencil			
open and close your h	ands		
count from 10 to 5			
point at a man/woma	n		
point at a boy/girl			
listen to music			
knock on your head			

English	Your language	English	(Wordlist 3)		
eat an apple					
drink from a glass					
listen to music					
write with a pencil					
talk to a friend					
look up and down					
smoke					
do some exercises					
count from 10 to 5					
read a book					
sleep					
laugh a little					
sing in English					
play tennis					
play the piano					
take a pencil and a paper					
draw a house					
stand up					
walk slowly					
sit down					
clap your hands twice					
do it again					
J					

Some instructions are not suitable for giving to the whole class, but you can alternate between giving instructions to the whole group and to individuals. *Go to the board. Knock on the board and write your surname ... Write your first name to the left of ... Draw a boy on the right.* Next, you can go back at giving instructions at the whole group. *Take a pen and paper, draw/write*, etc.

English	Your language	(wordlist 4)		
take a pencil ar	d a paper			
draw a house o write your first				
point at a wom	an/girl and say her name			
point at a man/	boy and say his name			
point at the boa	ard and knock on the table _			
eat a sandwich	and drink some water			
drink a cup of c	offee and listen to music			
write your last	name			
put the pen on	the table			
show me the pa	aper			
give the paper	to me			
say my name tv	vice			
stand up and so	ratch your head			
walk slowly and	l clap your hands			
stand up and tu	ırn around once			
take two steps and point at your head				
take a small/lar	ge step			
put your hands	behind your head			
clap your hands	s over your head			
put one hand ir	n front of your head			
put one hand u	nder your head			

Suggestions on how at continue/develop your work with TPR.

Perhaps your students understand everything in the wordlists. When you can harder by combining different expressions and give instructions in longer sentences, like in wordlist number 4. You can also make comments about the instructions so that students can hear even more English:

Eva, can you help me, please? (-Yes) Go at the board and draw a house. Look! She goes to the board. What is she doing? She is drawing a house.

Eva, write number 67 to the right of the house. Good, you write number 67 here (pointing) to the right of the house, not to the left, etc. **Write your first name at the left of the house.** Look! She writes a number and a name, a first name.

More variations:

When I knock on the table, put your hands on your head.

When I point at a person, I want him at read question number 2.

Throw the ball at a woman and ask her what time it is.

Write some numbers on the board, e.g. 23 45 69 72 12 Ask a student at help you:

Point at the number at the left/right/ in the middle. Say/point at the highest/lowest number Say/point at the number at the left of number 69. etcetera

Continue with more **body parts:**.

Wash/touch/put a finger on your nose/chin/mouth, open/close your eyes Use cardinal numbers: Please write you name on the third line at the left.

If you are from a European country, please raise your hand. If you play football in a team put one hand over your heart.

At first I want you to And after that ...